WARNING BEFORE USING THIS FIREARM, READ AND FOLLOW THE WARNINGS AND INSTRUCTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL.



Operational Manual

Full Size

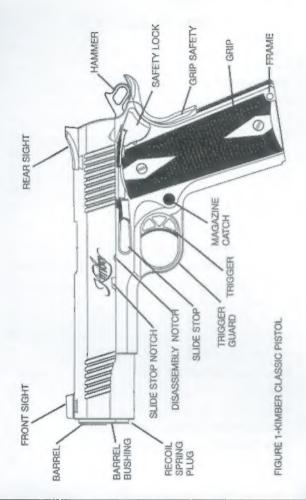


TABLE OF CONTENTS

Warning4
Main Features and Tech Info5
Rules of Safety6
Lead Warning9
Safety Features9
Chamber Indicators10
Series II Models14
Ammunition15
Loading19
Unloading22
Break-in Period23
Firing23
Sight Adjustments24
Disassembly25
Assembly27
Cleaning27
Lubrication28
Warranty Information30
Instructions for Warranty Repairs31
Spare Parts32
Custom Shop32
Parts Illustration External Extractors33
Parts Illustration34
Parts List35

WARNING:

This product is classified as a lethal weapon. Failure to read and properly execute the instructions and warnings in this manual could result in serious injury, death or damage to property.

Do not attempt to practice loading or unloading with live ammunition without a thorough understanding of the safe operation of this pistol.

Always treat a firearm as if it were fully loaded.

Always store and carry this product empty, with the hammer forward on an empty chamber. Failure to do so could result in an unintentional discharge.

Keep out of reach of children.

When you squeeze the trigger, you must expect the pistol to fire and take full responsibility for your actions.

Read through the entire manual before attempting to use this product.

MAIN FEATURES

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Caliber: .45 ACP, .40 S&W, 9MM, 10MM

and .38 Super

Barrel Length: 5"

Overall Length: 8.5*

Weight Unloaded: 38 oz.

Frame: Steel or Stainless Steel

Magazine Capacity: 7, 8, 10

Finish: Blue or Stainless

Sights: (Rear) Fixed or Adjustable

(Front) Fixed

SPRING REPLACEMENT CHART

ALL FULL SIZE 5" MODELS

Recoil Spring:

.45 ACP and .40 S&W - 16 lbs., change every 1500-1800 rounds.

9MM - 12 lbs., change every 2000 rounds. 10MM - 18.5 lbs., change every 1800 rounds.

.38 Super - 14 lbs., change every 2000 rounds.

Firing Pin Spring: HD, change every 5000 rounds.

Mainspring: 21 lbs., change every 5000 rounds.

RULES OF SAFETY

NOTICE: Kimber Mfg., Inc. shall not be responsible for any death, physical injury or property damage that is the result of the proper or improper use of this product.

- Always treat this and any other firearm as if it were loaded.
- Never point this or any other firearm at anything you do not intend to shoot. Keep muzzle pointed in a safe direction.
- 3. Never take anyone's word that a firearm is unloaded. Clear it yourself with finger off the trigger and the muzzle pointed in a safe direction. Remove the magazine, lock the slide open and visually check to ensure that no round is chambered.
- Always make sure the pistol is unloaded and the slide is latched open before laying it down or handing it to someone else.
- 5. Safe Carrying Condition: Never carry this pistol cocked, loaded and ready to fire as this practice could easily result in an unintentional discharge. Do not carry a loaded gun with a live round in the chamber while walking, running or crossing any obstacle, where there is any possibility of slipping or falling as this could lead to a possible unintentional discharge.

- 6. Always make sure that this firearm is in top working condition and that no internal parts have been damaged as a result of corrosion, improper maintenance or dropping. If evidence of these conditions exist, have them inspected by a competent gunsmith prior to use.
- 7. Never leave a loaded pistol unattended.
- Make sure that your backstop is adequate to stop your bullets prior to shooting.
- Make sure all other shooters and bystanders are well away from the ejection port. Empty cases are ejected under force and may cause injury if someone is struck.
- 10. Obey all range rules at all times.
- Always wear adequate hearing and eye protection when using any firearm.
- While on the range, be sure to carry this pisto cleared, with slide locked open and muzzle pointed in a safe direction until ready to shoot.
- Always ensure that barrel and action are clea of obstructions. Shooting a blocked firearm can result in serious injury or death and damage to the weapon.
- Never drink alcoholic beverages or take drugs prior to or during shooting or handling of this or any other firearm.

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- Seek a doctor's advice if you are taking medicine prior to engaging in any shooting activity.
- 16. Keep safety on when pistol is loaded and cocked until ready to fire. Immediately unload and clear this pistol when shooting sequence has been completed.
- Never shoot at any hard or flat surface, such as rock or water. The resulting ricochets could result in physical injury, death or property damage.
- Never put your finger in the trigger guard until you are ready to fire.
- Always make sure pistol is unloaded before cleaning.
- Never force a jammed action. This could cause a round to explode resulting in physical injury and damage to the pistol.
- 21. If firearm fails to fire when trigger is pulled, as a result of slow primer ignition (hangfire), keep muzzle pointed downrange for a minimum of 30 seconds. If the round does not fire, remove the magazine, clear the weapon and examine the ejected, unfired cartridge. If the indent from the firing pin is off center, light or absent, take the pistol to a competent gunsmith. If the indent appears normal compared to other

- rounds, assume a faulty round, separate from other cartridges, reload and continue shooting.
- Never use this pistol in any manner other than that for which it was specifically intended.
- Never indulge in "horseplay" while holding any firearm.

LEAD WARNING

Discharging firearms in poorly ventilated areas cleaning firearms, or handling ammunition may result in exposure to lead and other chemicals known to cause birth defects, reproductive harm cancer, and other serious physical injury. Have adequate ventilation at all times. Wash hands thoroughly after exposure.

SAFETY FEATURES

This Kimber firearm is equipped with several safety features which, if properly employed, can minimize the danger of accidental discharge.

NOTE: Never rely on mechanical safeties to overcome improper maintenance or unsafe handling practices. Always point the muzzle in a safe direction.

TRIGGER GUARD

The trigger guard is a loop of metal that surrounds the trigger, protecting it from damage or accidenta discharge.

OWNERS OF KIMBER PISTOL MODELS WITH EXTERNAL EXTRACTORS

The External Extractor on your Pistol doubles as a Loaded Chamber indicator*.

LOADED CHAMBER !!

When there is a round in the chamber, the external extractor will slightly extend out from the slide which can be felt by brushing the



trigger finger upward across the extractor (Pictured above). Left handed shooters can easily brush the extractor with their off hand index finger in the same manner.

NEVER ASSUME THE PISTOL IS UNLOADED!!



When the chamber is empty, the extractor should be flush with the side of the slide. If you check the extractor postion by swiping

your finger (as shown in above picture) across the extractor and feel no raised edge, the chamber should be empty. However, NEVER rely exclusively on mechanical or visual safeties! You can never be sure that a gun is completely unloaded until both the chamber is

visually inspected and the magazine is completely empty.

LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR PORT®



NEVER ASSUME THE PISTOL IS UNLOADED!!

LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR PORT*: A small opening on the top of the barrel hood provides a visual indication as to whether or not a round is in the chamber. When a round is in the chamber, you should be able to see the rim of the shell casing (Note the placement of the arrow in the above photo).

**These loaded chamber indicators are more examples of Kimber's commitment to safety However, ALWAYS abide by the NRA RULES FOR SAFE GUN HANDLING as seen on the rear of our Operational Manuals. NEVER rely exclusively on mechanical or visual safeties. You can never be sure that a gun is completely unloaded until both the chamber is visually inspected and the magazine is completely empty. **Please see specific models for availability.

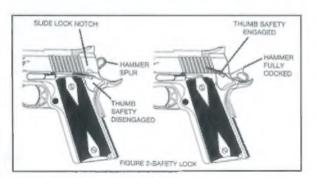
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SAFETY LOCK OR THUMB SAFETY

The thumb safety is located on the left side of the frame immediately forward of the hammer. To operate, pull slide to its most rearward position and release. Then push the thumb safety upward until it fully engages the slide lock notch. The slide is thereby prevented from moving rearward and an internal cam surface engages the sear preventing the hammer from moving forward. The slide lock safety cannot be engaged unless the hammer is fully cocked and the slide is fully forward. To disengage, move safety fully downward until it is completely down.

GRIP SAFETY

The grip safety is located on the upper rear portion of the frame immediately below the hammer and is automatically engaged through spring pressure. It



prevents the rearward movement of the trigger. To disengage, grip the pistol grip firmly. This will allow grip safety to move out of contact with rear of trigger, allowing the gun to fire.

DISCONNECTOR

The disconnector prevents a round from being fired prior to being properly seated in the chamber with the slide and barrel locked. If the slide is not fully forward, the disconnector is depressed and disengages the sear so that the hammer cannot drop if the trigger is pulled. With the slide fully forward and the barrel locked, a spring pushes the disconnector into a recess in the bottom of the slide. The disconnector now engages the sear so that the hammer can move forward when the trigger is pulled.

HAMMER SAFETY STOP

The hammer safety stop is a notch on the hammer which prevents it from falling fully forward in the event of primary sear notch failure. It also prevents the hammer from hitting the firing pin should you fingers slip from the slide or hammer while cocking the pistol, provided the hammer has been moved past the stop. The safety stop is not a manual safety! Do not under any circumstances use the safety stop as a "half cock" position. This misuse can result in damage to the sear, and/o unintentional discharge of the pistol. The safety

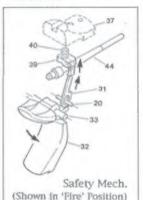
stop position is an automatically engaging safety feature and should never be engaged by hand!

INERTIA FIRING PIN

The firing pin is held in a rearward position by spring tension. Being shorter than the housing, it cannot protrude through the face of the slide until the spring tension and inertia of the pin itself is overcome by the force of the falling hammer.

SERIES II MODELS





If your Kimber is a Series II firearm, then it is supplied with an integral firing pin block. This feature does not allow the firing pin to be active until the Grip Safety is depressed. THIS ADDED SAFETY DOES NOT ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR SAFE AND PROPER GUN HANDLING. READ THIS OWNERS MANUAL THOROUGHLY.

Please follow the simple procedures below fo disassembly of the slide.

- Visually inspect chamber to make sure fiream is unloaded.
- Follow standard disassembly procedures found in your Owners Manual, with the exception that special observation should be given that the grip safety is not to be engaged when removing the slide.

If the Grip Safety is depressed while attempting to remove the slide, the push rod for the firing pir stop will be activated. Activating the Grip Safety will not allow the slide to be removed, if forced damage could occur to the firearm, which will not be covered under Warranty.

AMMUNITION

Use only high quality, original factory manufactured ammunition. Don't oil cartridges Don't spray aerosol type lubricants preservatives, or cleaners directly onto cartridges or where excess spray may flow into contac with cartridges. Lubricant or other foreign matter on cartridges can cause potentially dangerous ammunition malfunctions. Use only ammunition of the caliber for which you firearm is chambered. The proper caliber is permanently engraved on the barrel of your firearm; never attempt to use ammunition or any other caliber.

- 2. The use of reloaded, "remanufactured," hand-loaded or other non-standard ammunition voids all warranties. Reloading is a science and improperly loaded ammunition can be extremely dangerous. Severe damage to the firearm and serious injury to the shooter or to others may result. Always use ammunition that complies with the industry performance standards established by the Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers' Institute, Inc. of the United States (SAAMI). For best results, we recommend the use of jacketed round nose "BALL" ammunition.
- 3. Firearms may be severely damaged, and serious injury to the shooter or others may result from any condition causing excessive pressure inside the chamber or barrel during firing. Excessive pressure can be caused by obstruction in the barrel, propellant powder overloads, or by the use of incorrect or defectively assembled cartridges. In addition, the use of a dirty, corroded or damaged cartridge can lead to a burst cartridge case and consequent damage to the firearm and personal injury from the sudden escape of high-pressure propellant gas within the firearm's mechanism.
- Immediately stop shooting and check the barrel for a possible obstruction whenever:
 You have difficulty in, or feel unusual

resistance in chambering a cartridge, or

- A cartridge misfires (does not go off), or

- The mechanism fails to extract a fired cartridge case, or

 Unburned grains of propellant powder are discovered spilled in the mechanism, or

- A shot sounds weak or abnormal.

 In such cases it is possible that a bullet is lodged part way down the barrel. Firing a subsequent bullet into the obstructed barrel can damage the firearm and cause serious injury to the shooter or bystanders.

5. Bullets can become lodged in the barrel:

- If the cartridge has been improperly loaded without propellant powder, or if the powder fails to ignite. (Ignition of the cartridge primer alone will push the bullet out of the cartridge case, but usually does not generate sufficient energy to expel the bullet completely from the barrel), or

- If the bullet is not properly seated tightly in the cartridge case. When such a cartridge is extracted from the chamber without being fired, the bullet may be left behind in the bore at the point where the rifting begins. Subsequent chambering of another cartridge may push the first bullet further into the bore.

If there is any reason to suspect that a bullet is obstructing the barrel, immediately unload the firearm and look through the bore. It is not sufficient to merely look in the chamber. A bullet may be lodged some distance down the barrel where it cannot easily be seen. If a bullet is in the bore, do not attempt to shoot it out by using another cartridge, or by blowing it out with a blank or one from which the bullet has been removed. Such techniques can generate excessive pressure, damage the firearm and cause serious personal injury.

If the bullet can be easily removed with a wood or brass dowel, (using hand pressure only, never "hammer" a bullet lodged in the bore) clean any unburned powder grains from the bore, chamber and mechanism before resuming shooting. If the bullet cannot be dislodged by tapping it with a cleaning rod, take the firearm to a gunsmith.

- Dirt, corrosion, or other foreign matter on a cartridge can impede complete chambering and may cause the cartridge case to burst upon firing. The same is true of cartridges which are damaged or deformed.
- 8. Don't oil cartridges, and be sure to wipe the chamber clean of any oil preservative before commencing to shoot. Oil interferes with the friction between cartridge case and chamber wall that is necessary for safe functioning, and subjects the firearm to stress similar to that imposed by excessive pressure.

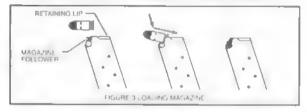
LOADING

Keep muzzle pointed in safe direction and follow all safety procedures at all times.

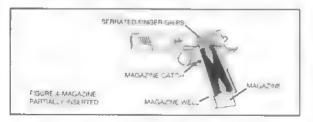
Practice these steps with an unloaded pistol of dummy ammo until you are completely familiar and comfortable with the procedures. Use live ammo only when you are prepared to shoot. Always use clean, dry, high quality ammunition (of the proper caliber) that meets industry performance standards.

- With an empty magazine in the pistol, pull back the slide until the slide stop engages the slide stop notch and the slide locks back.
- To release the empty magazine from the frame, hold hand under magazine and push the magazine

- catch which is located on the left side of the frame behind the trigger. This will cause the magazine to fall free of the magazine well.
- 3 To load the magazine, place the round at the top (open end), push down and back making sure that the back of the cartridge is facing the rear of the magazine. Repeat this procedure until magazine is fully loaded.



4. Place the magazine in the magazine well in the frame, with the rounds facing forward, and push up until magazine is fully seated. A click will be heard when this is done properly as the magazine catch engages.



To chamber a round, point the pistol in a safe direction. Without touching the trigger, push downward on the slide stop with your left-hand thumb or left index finger. Allow the slide to go forward unhindered. Do not "ride" the slide down to the forward position. Keeping your hand on the slide may cause a misfeed, or stop the slide from fully closing. The pistol is now fully loaded and ready to the Keep muzzle pointed in a safe direction and engage side lock safety until ready to shoot.

Always unload pistor immediately after use and before storage

NOTE: 1911 style handguns were designed to function best with builets that have a smooth contoured nose.

When cartridges fail to feed, check the following

- A. Substandard ammunition.
- B Cartridge overall length too short or too long
- C. Bullet nose too blunt.
- D. Slide is short stroking. Ammo charge is not to SAAMI specs for 40 S&W or 45 ACP

UNLOADING

- 1 To unload, first remove magazine as in step 1 of previous section.
- 2 If all of the rounds from the magazine have been fired, slide will automatically lock in the open position. If not, repeat step 4

f magazine is not removed prior to this procedure any rounds lett in it will be chambered which could ead to an initenticinal discharge. The pisto will fire with a mund clambered and the magazine removed.

- If slide has not automatically locked in the rearward position as a result of firing the last round from the magazine, do it manually and visually inspect the chamber to ensure that it is clear.
- 4. Release slide forward onto the empty chamber by pulling slide fully rearward and releasing or by manually rotating the slide stop downward past the slide stop notch Repeatedly a lowing the slide to slam closed on an empty chamber will cause premature wear and loosening on a match grade 1911 such as the Kimber Ease the slide closed
- Pull the trigger allowing the hammer to free fall forward on the empty chamber. Do not lease the hammer down by ho ding or blocking it. Doing so can mar the sear tip which will result in a substandard trigger pull.

To remove any remaining rounds from the magazine, push the cartridges forward untithey clear the retaining lips.

BREAK-IN PERIOD

Before tring the pistol for the first time. Field Strip and country from mitor and proper and country for and ASSEMBLY CLEARING and COBRICATION and ASSEMBLY instructions in this Manual Kimbers firearms are quality custom pieces. Our firearms are hand fitted to tight tolerances. For proper Break-in of the firearm shoot 400-500 rounds of Quality Factory Ball (230g. FMJ) Ammunition, cleaning and lubricating the gun every 100-150 rounds.

FIRING

A ways wear eye and hearing protection when shooting.

- Point muzzle in a safe direction
- 2 Load pistol as previously directed
- 3 Gnp the frame firmly, depressing the gnp safely
- 4 With your finger well clear of the trigger, rotate slide lock safely downward.
- Place index finger on trigger, take aim and gently squeeze rearward until hammer is released and falls forward striking the firing pin Be prepared for oud noise and reco

Note: In s is a semi-automatic pistol and will

recook the hammer lelect the empty cartridge and chamber a new round. It will continue to fire with each subsequent built of the trigger until all rounds in the magazine have been tred.

- Continue procedure until magazine is empty and slide is locked open.
- If all rounds have not been fired and you wish to stop shooting, immediately engage side stop and follow procedures for unloading previously described.

SIGHT ADJUSTMENTS

The rear sight in Target models is adjustable for elevation and windage.

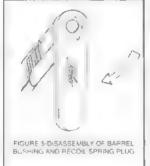
Elevation: To adjust your sight picture 'UP", screw the elevation screw counter-clockwise. This will raise the rear sight blade and raise your point of impact on the target. Turning the elevation screw clockwise will lower the sight blade and your point of impact on your target.

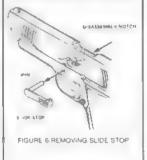
Windage: To adjust your point of impact to the "RIGHT", screw the windage nut clockwise moving the sight blade to the right. To adjust your point of impact to the "LEFT", screw the windage nut counter-clockwise moving the sight blade to the left. Make a positive movement of the blade until you are close to your desired point of impact then fine tune the clicks.

DISASSEMBLY (FIELD STRIPPING)

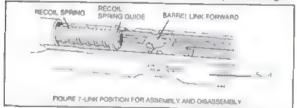
This product should be cleaned after every use and wherexposed to difficult etc. When not in use clean at least twice per year.

- 1 With the pistol unloaded, the magazine removed and the hammer down, depress the recoil spring plug, with the supplied wrench, and turn the barrel bushing clockwise, towards the right side of the pistol until the recoil spring plug and recoil spring are free. Be careful the recoil spring and plug are under tension and can figure with substant a force.
- Ease out recoil spring and plug If recoil spring does not come out easily, remove plug and leave the spring for step 6. The open end of the recoil spring goes into the plug.





- 3 Cock the hammer and push the slide rearward until the semi-circular tab on the back of the slide stop aligns with the semi-circular disassembly notch in the bottom of the slide
- 4 Push inward on the end of the slide stop shaft on the right side of the pistol and remove the slide stop from the left side.
- 5 Slide the slide assembly forward off the frame.
- Remove the recoil spring through the opening at the front of the slide.
- 7 Turn the barrel bushing counterclockwise until the lug aligns with the opening andremove the bushing from the front of the slide.
- Remove the full length recoil spring guide from the bottom of the slide by rotating it



away from the barrel and withdrawing it towards the rear of the slide. The barrel link can get in the way of removal. To stop this, hold the slide inverted and rotate the link to its full forward position. The guide rod can now be lifted over the link.

 Tip the barrel link forward to clear the recor spring tunnel. Then pull the barrel forward clear of the slide.

The pistol is now disassembled for cleaning purposes (field stripped).

Do not drop the hammer while side is removed from the pistol.

ASSEMBLY

To reassemble, follow steps in reverse order. The most difficult procedure is often the alignment of the barrel link with the slide latch hole in the frame. The alignment can be seen through the hole and link can be aligned by moving the slide very carefully back and forth until it drops into place. Do not try aligning the link and the semi-circular disassembly notch and top of the slide stop at the same time. Align the link first, insert the slide stop shaft and then rotate the slide stop upward until it aligns with the disassembly notch install the recoll spring with the open end in the recoll spring plug. Failure to install correctly will result in damage to the Guide Rod. Then push the slide stop inward until it is properly seated.

CLEANING

A ways run the cleaning rods from the chamber end

Disassemble pistol as described in previous section.

- 2 Run a wet patch through the bore. Let soak a few minutes. (Always read the manufacturers' directions of the bore cleaner you are using.)
- 3 Run a dry patch through to remove loose crud/deposits.
- Run a wet bore brush through the chamber end of the barrel a few passes.
- 5 Run a dry patch to remove the dirt.
- Repeat steps 4 and 5 a few times until the patch comes out clean.
- 7 Lightly oil the barrel NOTE Run a dry patch through the barrel before firing to remove oil.
- Wipe off all dirt on all bearing surfaces on slide and frame
- Clean breech face and all parts (an old toothbrush or similar rivion brush works well)
- Follow lubrication directions before reassembling

LUBRICATION

- 1 Use a High Tech Gun Oil such as Shooters Choice FP-10 or similar quality oil (grease is not recommended) If oil contains Tellon be sure to shake well before using as the Tellon settles when left overnight.
- Lubricate the following internal parts of the pistol a. Slide and Frame rails - Oil Do not over oil!
 - b. Disconnector on top of frame Small drop
 - c Barrel Hood two drops, spread on hood

- d. Barrel Locking lugs inside Slide and on Barrel - one drop on each lug.
- e Barrel Link · one drop behind link
- f. Side Stop pin one drop, spread with finger
- g Outside of Barrel Oil Do not over oil, spread with fingertip.
- h Cock Hammer one drop in between the hammer and frame.
- Assemble gun. Rack the Slide 5-6 times, dry fire, wipe off excess oil from gun.
- Make sure, if you have stored the gun with oil in the barrel and chamber that you run a dry patch through the barrel to clear it of the oil before you fire the gun
- 3 Reassemble as previously described

The key is moderation. Not enough or and your quinting not function properly and lead to undo wear. Too much or and you risk attracting damaging dirt and debris to the bearing surfaces causing undo wear and potential functioning problems. All meta parts leven. Stainless Steel should be got y lubricated because.

RUST IS NEGLECT!

Cloths impregnated with scicone are good for this purpose.

 For long term storage or if you live in a particularly damp or salty area, a good quality rust preventative should be used We recommend Shooters Choice Rust Prevent or equivalent.

WARRANTY INFORMATION

This "Limited Warranty" has been drafted to comply with the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Federal Trade Commission Improvement Act which is effective for goods manufactured on or after December 31, 1995.

Kimber Mfg., Inc. firearms are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for one (1) year after the date of original new gun retail purchase, the Manufacturer agrees to correct by repair or replacement (with the same or comparable quality model) your firearm, without charge, if returned prepaid with a copy of the bill of sale.

Kimber Mfg., Inc. assumes no responsibility for product malfunction or for physical injury or property damage resulting in whole or in part from criminal or negligent use of the product, improper or careless handling, unauthorized modifications, use of defective, improper, hand-loaded ammunition, customer abuse or neglect of the product, or other influences beyond Kimber Mfg., Inc.'s control. This warranty does not apply to normal wear of any parts, including metal, wood, plastic, rubber and other material's surfaced finish or if unauthorized repair and/or alteration has been performed.

This warranty does not cover repairs related to unreasonable use, corrosion, failure to provide

proper maintenance, damaged or shopworn display guns, gun barrels damaged by an obstructed bore or guns damaged in return shipment due to improper packing and handling.

Kimber Mfg., Inc. reserves the right to inspect any product before making any adjustment covered by this warranty.

Under no circumstances shall Kimber Mfg., Inc. be liable for incidental or consequential damages with respect to economic loss or injury or property damage whether the result of breach of express or implied warranty.

Some states do not allow the exclusion of consequential or incidental damages so the limitation may not apply to you. This warranty gives only the original retail purchaser specific legal right. Other rights may also be available which may vary from state to state.

The terms of the warranty cannot be changed except in writing by an officer of Kimber Mfg., Inc.

The Kimber factory in Yonkers, New York is the only authorized repair location.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR WARRANTY REPAIRS

Return handguns to KMI, 1 Lawton St., Yonkers, NY, 10705, Attn: Warranty Repairs via UPS Next Day

Saver or FedEx. Securely attach complete letter to handgun inside of package. The contents of the letter must include: your name, complete return mailing address (not a P.O. address), telephone number (daytime), serial number of gun sent and a complete description of the problem. There must be a person over 18 years of age to sign for the package.

SPARE PARTS

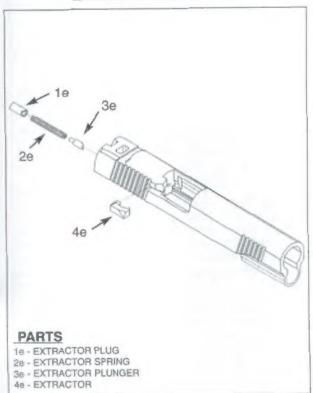
Only use genuine Kimber spare parts. Use of inferior aftermarket parts can create unsafe conditions. Use of aftermarket parts voids all guarantees and warranties. Modifications and alterations of the pistol or its parts voids all guarantees and warranties.

CUSTOM SHOP

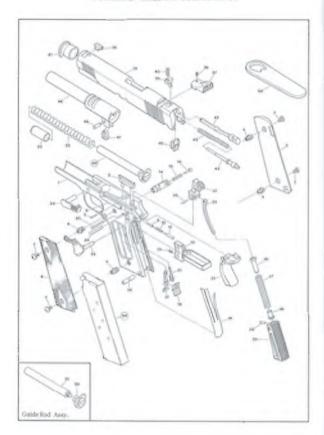
The Kimber Custom Shop was established at the request of Kimber Customers who asked to have their Kimbers professionally modified. As well as shooters interested in purchasing genuine Kimber accessories, Factory installed parts maintain the original warranty.

Call 914-964-0742 (or fax 914-964-9340) for information or visit the Kimber Web Site at www.kimberamerica.com. Most products can be ordered on-line from the Kimber Web Site.

PARTS ILLUSTRATION ALL KIMBER MODELS WITH EXTERNAL EXTRACTORS



PARTS ILLUSTRATION



PARTS LIST

- 1. FRAME
- 2 EJECTOR
- 3. EJECTOR PIN
- 4. GRIP SCREW BUSHING (4)
- 5. GRIP. STARBORD SIDE
- 6. GRIP, PORT SIDE
- 7. GRIP SCREW (4)
- 8. PLUNGER TUBE
- 9. SLIDE STOP PLUNGER
- 10. PLUNGER SPRING
- 10. PLUNGER SPHING
- 11, THUMB SAFETY PLUNGER
- 12. TRIGGER ASSEMBLY
- 13. TRIGGER STOP SCREW
- 14. MAGAZINE CATCH
- 15, MAGAZINE CATCH SPRING
- 16. MAGAZINE CATCH LOCK
- 17. DISCONNECTOR
- 18. SEAR
- 19. SEAR SPRING
- 20. SEAR PIN
- 21. HAMMER
- 22. HAMMER STRUT
- 23. HAMMER STRUT PIN
- 24. HAMMER PIN
- 25. MAINSPRING HOUSING
- 26. MAINSPRING HOUSING PIN RETAINER
- 27. MAINSPRING
- 28. MAINSPRING CAP
- 29. MAINSPRING CAP PIN
- 30. MAINSPRING HOUSING PIN

- 31. PUSH ROD (see pg.12)
- 32. GRIP SAFETY
- 33. THUMB SAFETY
- 34. SLIDE STOP
- 35. SLIDE
- 36. FRONT SIGHT
- 37, REAR SIGHT
- 38. REAR SIGHT SCREW
- 39. FIRING PIN BLOCK (see pg.12)
- 40. FIRING PIN BLOCK SPRING (see pg.12)
- SPRING (see pg.12) 41. BARREL BUSHING
- 42. EXTRACTOR
- 43. FIRING PIN SPRING
- 44. FIRING PIN
- 45. FIRING PIN STOP
- 46. BARREL
- 47. BARREL LINK
- 48. BARREL LINK PIN
- 49. RECOIL SPRING GUIDE
- 50. HEAD GUIDE
- 51. ROD GUIDE*
- 52 RECOIL SPRING'
- 53. RECOIL SPRING PLUG*
- 54. MAGAZINE ASSEMBLY**
- 55. MAGAZINE TUBE"
- 56. MAGAZINE SPRING**
 57. MAGAZINE FOLLOWER**
- 58. BARREL BUSHING WRENCH

"Supplied as an assembly
"Supplied as Magazine Assembly

BASIC NRA RULES FOR SAFE GUN HANDLING

- 1. ALWAYS KEEP THE GUN POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.
- 2. ALWAYS KEEP YOUR FINGERS OFF THE TRIGGER UNTIL READY TO SHOOT.
- 3. ALWAYS KEEP THE GUN UNLOADED UNTIL READY TO USE.
- 4. ALWAYS TREAT YOUR GUN AS IF IT IS LOADED AND READY TO DISCHARGE.

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